

ORDINANCE NO. _____ OF 2011

**BOROUGH OF LINESVILLE
CRAWFORD COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA**

**AN ORDINANCE ENTITLED "NEIGHBORHOOD BLIGHT PROTECTIONS AND
ENFORCEMENT ORDINANCE PURSUANT TO THE NEIGHBORHOOD BLIGHT
RECLAMATION AND REVITALIZATION ACT OF 2010."**

AND NOW, this _____ day of _____ 2011, it is hereby Enacted and
Ordained by Borough Council of the Borough of Linesville, County of Crawford, Pennsylvania,
that:

SECTION 1: TITLE

This Ordinance shall be entitled "The Neighborhood Blight Protections and
Enforcement Ordinance Pursuant To The Neighborhood Blight Reclamation and Revitalization
Act Of 2010 of the Borough of Linesville, Crawford County, Pennsylvania."

SECTION 2: PURPOSE

The Borough Council finds it to be in the best interests of the residents of the
Borough of Linesville, Crawford County, Pennsylvania to provide for certain protections and
safeguards in order to address deteriorated properties, public nuisances and properties in
serious violation of State law or municipal codes. Such protections and safeguards include
denial of permits, and actions at law and in equity in order to address deteriorated properties
which have an impact upon crime, the quality of life of our residents, and require expenditures
of public funds in order to abate and correct nuisances, violations and delinquent municipal
services accounts.

SECTION 3: DEFINITIONS

For the purpose of this chapter, the following terms shall have the meanings indicated:

Board – shall mean a Zoning Hearing Board or other body granted jurisdiction to render decisions
in accordance with the Pennsylvania Municipalities Planning Code, the State Borough
Code, the Code of the Borough or a board authorized to act in a similar manner by law.

Borough – The Borough of Linesville, Crawford County, Pennsylvania and/or its governing
Council.

Building – A residential, commercial or industrial building or structure and the land appurtenant
to it.

Borough Code – A building, housing, property maintenance, fire, health or other public safety

ordinance enacted or adopted by the Borough including, but not limited to, those ordinances, regulations and resolutions which establish and assess fees for municipal services and privileges such as sewer, water and refuse collection. For purposes of this Ordinance, the term does not include a subdivision and land development ordinance or a zoning ordinance enacted by the Borough.

Municipal Permit(s) – Privileges related to real property granted by a municipality such as the Borough, including, but not limited to, building permits, parking permits, zoning permits, occupancy permits, and special exceptions and/or variances from zoning ordinances. The term includes approvals pursuant to land use ordinances other than decisions on the substantive validity of a zoning ordinance or map or the acceptance of a curative amendment.

Municipal Service(s) – services provided at a cost by the Borough or other municipal entity, including but not limited to, water service, sanitary sewer service, refuse collection and any other municipal provided services which benefit individual properties and also serve to benefit the overall health, safety and welfare of all the residents of the Borough.

Owner – A holder of title to residential, commercial or industrial real estate, other than a mortgage lender, who possesses and controls the real estate. The term includes, but is not limited to, heirs, assigns, beneficiaries and lessees, provided this ownership interest is a matter of public record.

Public Nuisance – Property which, because of its physical condition or use, is regarded as a public nuisance at common law or has been declared by the appropriate Borough officials as a public nuisance in accordance with the State laws or the laws of the Borough, including but not limited to the Borough Code.

Serious Violation – A violation of a State Law or Borough Code (as both terms are defined herein) or other applicable code that poses an imminent threat to the health and safety of the dwelling occupant, occupants in surrounding structures or passersby. Property found to be a Public Nuisance is also considered to be a Serious Violation.

State Law – A statute of the Commonwealth or a regulation of an agency charged with the administration and enforcement of Commonwealth law.

Substantial Step – An affirmative action, as determined by a Borough official or officials or officer of the court, on the part of the property owner or managing agent to remedy a Serious Violation of State Law or Borough Code including, but not limited to, physical improvements and/or repairs to the property.

Tax Delinquent Property – Tax delinquent real property as defined under the Real Estate Tax Sale Law (P.L.1368, No.542), the Municipal Claim and Tax Lien Law (P.L. 207, No.153) or the Second Class City Treasurers' Sale and Collection Act (P.L. 876, No.171) located in any municipality in this Commonwealth.

SECTION 4: LEGAL ACTION TO BE TAKEN AGAINST OWNERS

In addition to any other remedy available at law, including those remedies available under the Neighborhood Blight Reclamation and Revitalization Act (Act 90 of 2010), remedies available in equity or other remedies as provided for in the Code of the Borough of Linesville, the Borough may institute the following actions against the Owner of any property that is in Serious Violation of a State Law or Borough Code or for failure to correct a condition which causes the property to be regarded as a Public Nuisance:

A. An In Personam action may be initiated for a continuing violation for which the Owner takes no Substantial Step to correct within the six months following receipt of an order by the Borough to correct the violation, unless the order is subject to a pending appeal before an administrative agency or court. Notwithstanding any law limiting the form of action for the recovery of penalties by a municipality for the violation of a Borough Code, the Borough may recover, in a single action under this section, an amount equal to the penalties imposed against the Owner and any costs of remediation lawfully incurred by, or on behalf of, the Borough to remedy any violation.

B. A proceeding in equity.

C. A lien may be placed against the assets of an Owner of real property that is in Serious Violation of State law or Borough Code or is regarded as a Public Nuisance after a judgment, decree or order is entered by a court of competent jurisdiction against the Owner of the property for an adjudication under either an In Personam action or a proceeding in equity as set forth above. In the case of an Owner that is an association or trust, this does not authorize a lien to be placed upon the individual assets of the general partner, trustee, limited partner, shareholder, member or beneficiary of the association or trust except as otherwise allowed by law.

SECTION 5: OUT-OF-STATE OWNERS, SERVICE OF PROCESS UPON ASSOCIATIONS AND TRUSTS

A. A person who lives or has a principal place of residence outside this Commonwealth, who owns property in this Commonwealth against which State law or Borough Code or other applicable code violations have been cited and the person is charged under 18 Pa.C.S. (relating to crimes and offenses), and who has been properly notified of the violations may be extradited to this Commonwealth to face criminal prosecution to the full extent allowed and in the manner authorized by 42 Pa.C.S. CH. 91 (relating to detainers and extradition), as may be amended from time to time.

B. Where, after reasonable efforts, service of process for a notice or citation for any State law or Borough Code or other applicable code violations for any real property owned by an association or trust cannot be accomplished by handing a copy of the notice or citation to an executive office, partner, or trustee of the association or trust or to the manager, trustee or clerk in charge of the property, the delivery of the notice or citation may occur by registered, certified or United States express mail, accompanied by a delivery confirmation:

- (1) to the registered office of the association or trust.
- (2) where the association or trust does not have registered office, to the mailing address used for real estate tax collection purposes, if accompanied by the posting of a conspicuous notice on the property and by handing a copy of the notice or citation to the person in charge of the property at that time.

SECTION 6: PERMIT DENIALS

A. The Borough or a Board may deny issuing to an applicant a Municipal Permit if the applicant owns real property in any municipality in this Commonwealth for which there exists on the real property:

- (1) Tax and/or Municipal Services delinquencies on account of the actions of the Owner; or
- (2) A Serious Violation and the Owner has taken no Substantial Step to correct the Serious Violation within six months following notification of the violation and for which fines, penalties or a judgment to abate or correct were imposed by a magisterial district judge or municipal court or a judgment at law or in equity was imposed by a court of common pleas. No denial shall be permitted if a judgment is subject to a stay or superseded by order of court, or if the Municipal Permit is necessary to correct a violation of State Law or Borough Code.

B. The Municipal Permit denial as above described shall not apply to an applicant's delinquency on taxes and/or Municipal Services charges that are under appeal or otherwise contested through a court or administrative process.

C. In issuing a denial of a Municipal Permit, the Borough or the Board shall indicate the street address, the municipality and county in which the property is located, and the court and docket number for each parcel cited as a basis for the denial. The denial shall also state that the applicant may request a letter of compliance from the appropriate state agency, municipality or school district in the form specified by such entity.

D. All Municipal Permits denied in accordance with this section may be withheld by the Borough until an applicant obtains a letter of compliance from the appropriate State agency, municipality or school district indicating the following:

- (1) the property in question has no tax or Municipal Services delinquencies;
- (2) the property in question is now in compliance with State Law, Borough Code or other applicable codes; or

- (3) the Owner of the property has presented and the appropriate entity has accepted a plan to begin remediation of a Serious Violation of State Law, Borough Code or other applicable codes.

E. If a letter of compliance or a letter of non-compliance, as the case may be, is not issued within 45 days of the request, the property shall be deemed to be in compliance for the purposes of this section. The appropriate State agency, municipality or school district shall specify the form in which the request for a compliance letter shall be made. Such letters shall be verified by the appropriate municipal officials before issuing to the applicant a Municipal Permit.

F. Boards, including the Borough Zoning Hearing Board, may deny approval of Municipal Permits - which includes special exception approval and/or variance relief - if warranted as set forth above to the extent that approval of such a Municipal Permit is within the jurisdiction of the Board.

G. The Borough may appear to present evidence that the applicant is subject to denial by a Board in accordance with this section.

H. A Municipal Permit may only be denied to an applicant other than an Owner if the applicant is acting under the direction or with the permission of the Owner and that Owner owns real property that is subject to denial as set forth herein above.

SECTION 7: INHERITED PROPERTY RELIEF

Where property is inherited by will or intestacy, the devisee or heir shall be given the opportunity to make payments on reasonable terms to correct code violations or to enter into a remediation agreement with the Borough to avoid subjecting the devisee's or heir's other properties to asset attachment or denial of Municipal Permits and approvals on other properties owned by the devisee or heir. Such opportunity shall be given at the Borough's discretion and subject to the revocation upon the devisee or heir's failure to proceed with a payment plan, or to progress forward and complete a remediation plan.

SECTION 8: SEVERABILITY

If any sentence, clause, section or part of this Ordinance is for any reason found to be unconstitutional, illegal or invalid, such unconstitutionality, illegality or invalidity shall not affect or impair any of the remaining provisions, sentences, clauses, sections or parts hereof. It is hereby declared as the intent of Borough Council that this Ordinance would have been adopted had such unconstitutional, illegal or invalid sentence, clause, section or part thereof not been included herein.

SECTION 9: REPEAL OF CONFLICTING OR INCONSISTENT ORDINANCES

All ordinances or parts of ordinances conflicting or inconsistent herewith are hereby repealed.

SECTION 10: AUTHORITY OF OFFICERS OR REPRESENTATIVES

The appropriate officers or representatives of the Borough are authorized to take whatever actions are necessary and appropriate to carry out the purpose and intent of this Ordinance.

SECTION 11: EFFECTIVE DATE

This Ordinance shall become effective immediately upon enactment as provided by Law.

ORDAINED AND ENACTED by Linesville Borough Council this ____ day of _____, 2011.

ATTEST:

BOROUGH OF LINESVILLE

Borough Secretary

BY: _____
Council President

APPROVED:

Mayor

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